1	2	3	4	5
15	Hardoi	—	3·00	2·50
16	Orai	—	—	13·00
17	Deoria	8·00	—	—
18	Badaun	5·50	—	—
19	Amethi	—	20·00	—
20	Kashipur	9·00	3·00	—
21	Padrauna	18·00	—	—
22	Sultanpur	9·00	—	—
23	Biswan	8·40	0·85	—
24	Shamli	10·00	20·00	—
25	Badhohi	—	25·50	—
26	Maunath Bhanjan	—	25·90	—
27	Shandila	—	27·00	—
28	Pilibhit	—	15·00	—
29	Bharaich	—	25·55	—
30	Lalitpur	—	29·30	—
31	Mirzapur	—	10·00	18·80
32	Etawah	—	10·00	10·00
33	Sambhal	—	10·00	10·00
	TOTAL	102·43	266·35	134·174

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE UNDER URBAN BASIC SERVICES (UBS)

In Uttar Pradesh the towns of Lucknow, Malihabad and Kakori are to be covered under the Centrally Sponsored Urban Basic Services Scheme launched with effect from 22-8-1986. A sum of Rs. 3.20 lakhs was payable to the State Government as Central Government grant during 1986-87 and a sum of Rs. 2.20 lakhs was payable during 1987-88. However, no formal request has been received from the State Government insipte of reminders from our Ministry. Hence no funds have so far been released to the State Government.

Welfare schemes for fishermen

2113. SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the details of Central schemes introduced for the welfare of the fishermen;

(b) the States where such schemes have been introduced; and

(c) the number of fishermen who have been benefited in these States

under the Centrally sponosred schemes during the last three years, year-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI SHYAM LAL YADAV): (a) to (c) Government of India have approved two Centrally Sponsored Welfare Schemes for fishermen *viz*, (i) Group Accident Insurance Scheme for Active Fishermen; and (ii) National Welfare Fund for Fishermen. Under Group Accident Insurance Scheme for Active Fishermen which was introduced in 1982-83, active fishermen who are members of cooperative society are insured for Rs. 15,000/- for death or permanent disability and Rs. 7,500/- for partial disability. 50% of the annual premium of Rs. 9/- per beneficiary per year is borne by the Central Government and the remaining 50% is contributed by the State Government either fully or in conjunction with fishermen cooperative society/federation. The National Welfare Fund for fishermen has been approved with the objective to provide welfare facilities such as housing, drinking water, community hall/workshed and credit society in 62 model fishermen villages covering 16 States all over the country. The cost of providing the above facilities for 1 model fishermen village is Rs. 12,82,400 which is equally shared between Central and State Governments. The number of fishermen who have been benefited in States under Centrally Sponsored Group Accident Insurance Scheme during the last 3 years, year-wise are as under:—

State	1985-86	1986-87	1987-88
1. Gujarat	16,120	20,000	30,000
2. Himachal Pradesh	1,330	1,180	1,150
3. Jammu & Kashmir	2,000	5,000	..
4. Karnataka	43,000	57,768	60,000
5. Madhya Pradesh	3,604	20,000	16,000
6. Maharahstra	33,680	..	36,600
7. Orissa	27,505	26,423	36,444
8. Tamil Nadu	1,16,264	1,36,647	1,34.873
9. Uttar Pradesh	8,333	22,222	24,222
10. West Bengal	50,000	86,017	..
11. Kerala	..	1,61,261	1,61,267
12. Bihar	..	26,666	..
13. Manipur	..	72	150
14. Assam	..	..	36,666
15. Andhra Pradesh	..	..	1,10,000
16. Goa	..	..	1,000
TOTAL	3,01,836	5,63,256	6,48,372

The Centrally Sponsored National Welfare Fund for Fishermen has been approved in 1986-87. The number of fishermen families benefited under this scheme in States are as under:—

State	1986-87	1987-88
1. Kerala . .	..	300
2. Madhya Pradesh	122	18
3. Orissa . . .	..	100
4. West Bengal .		300
5. Andhra Pradesh	..	200
6. Tamil Nadu .	..	344
7. Manipur . .	..	100
8. Uttar Pradesh .	..	100
9. Gujarat . .	..	300
10. Karnataka .	..	100
11. Jammu & Kashmir	..	100
12. Assam . .	..	75
13. Goa . .	..	100
TOTAL .	122	2137

Development of tourism in Orissa

2114. SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the Minister of TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) whether development of tourism infrastructure in Orissa is behind schedule;

(b) whether the number of foreign tourists in Orissa and in the country has developed according to Seventh Plan; and

(c) whether Government have made any assessment of the strategy of development of tourism in some of the South Asian countries where growth is spectacular and identified the inadequacies in India?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF TOURISM (SHRI GIRIDHAR GOMANGO): (a) The implementation of plan schemes in Orissa has not been as fast as it is desirable.

(b) The Planning Commission has set a target of 7 per cent growth in tourist arrivals during the Seventh Five Year Plan. As against this target, the actual growth has been 7.8 per cent during this period. State-wise statistics of tourist arrivals are not available.

(c) Development strategy of India and other countries in South Asia cannot be compared, as such strategies differ from country to country. Development strategy is formulated keeping in view various factors like location of the country, its size, its tourist attractions, existing and projected tourist inflows, existing and projected requirement of infrastructure, etc.

Reduction of the quota of Palmolien Oil of Orissa

2115. SHRI SUBAS MOHANTY: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have reduced the Palmolien Oil quota to Orissa for distribution through the Public Distribution system; and

(b) if so, the reasons thereof?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI D. L. BAITHA): (a) and (b) The allocation of imported edible oils to State Governments/Union Territories under PDS is adjusted according to availability and prices of edible oils in open market. The imported edible oils quotas of all States have been reduced since January, 1988.

Telecast of programmes on T.V. concerning women

2116. KUMARI SUSHILA TIRIA: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have recently evaluated the social value of